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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/741,536	12/19/2003	Kent D. Vincent	200314650-1	5132
22879	7590 04/20/2006		EXAM	INER
HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION			EGWIM, KELECHI CHIDI	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
FORT COL	LINS, CO 80527-2400	1713		
			DATE MAILED: 04/20/200	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/741,536	VINCENT ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Dr. Kelechi C. Egwim	1713			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 March 2006. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 					
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-65 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-35,40,42,44 and 48-65 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 36-39,41,43 and 45-47 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa				

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 03/30/2006 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claims 36-39, 41, 43, 45 and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohta et al.; claims 36-39 and 43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Handa et al. or Patel at al.; claims 36-39, 43 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, 35U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson et al.; and claims 36-39, 41, 43 and 45-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nichols et al., for reasons cited in previous Office actions.

Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments filed 03/30/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 6. Regarding Ohta et al., applicant argues that the aqueous phase used in preparing the latex of Ohta et al. would necessarily have a higher concentration of acid monomer that the aqueous phase used in preparing the latex particles of the present claims. Firstly, applicant's claim 36 in no way limits the blocking group to be necessarily water insoluble, so any migration of the blocked groups to the aqueous phase is not excluded from the present claims. Even so, the aqueous phase of the latex need not be part of the claimed product. Applicant's claims only require three things: a liquid vehicle (independent of the aqueous phase used in prepared the latex particles), a colorant,

and latex particles (the polymer particles themselves). Whether or not the aqueous phase used in preparing the latex of the prior art may or may not have a higher concentration of water-soluble groups is irrelevant as the aqueous phase is not being claimed.

Further, with regard to the "released blocking groups", it is noted that these are only by-products of the recited process and that they are, also, not being claimed.

7. Regarding Handa et al., Patel et al., Johnson and Nichols, as stated with regard to Ohta et al. above, the "released blocking groups" are not being claimed as components of the present ink.

Further, as carboxylic acid monomers like acrylic acid are in fact water-insoluble, the argument that the monomers would somehow necessarily migrate to the aqueous phase more than applicant's blocked monomers holds even less weight, particularly since the blocking groups themselves could migrate even more, depending on their solubility. Nevertheless, the aqueous phase contents of the prior art processes are irrelevant as the aqueous phase is presently not being claimed (or excluded). Only the polymer particles from the latex are part of the claimed ink.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Kelechi C. Egwim whose telephone number is (571) 272-1099. The examiner can normally be reached on M-T (7:30-6:00).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu can be reached on (571) 272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

KELECHI C. EGWIM PH.D. PRIMARY EXAMINER KCE